



Research Title: Introduction to Hormozgan Producer:

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Geographical Location and Attractions of Hormozgan

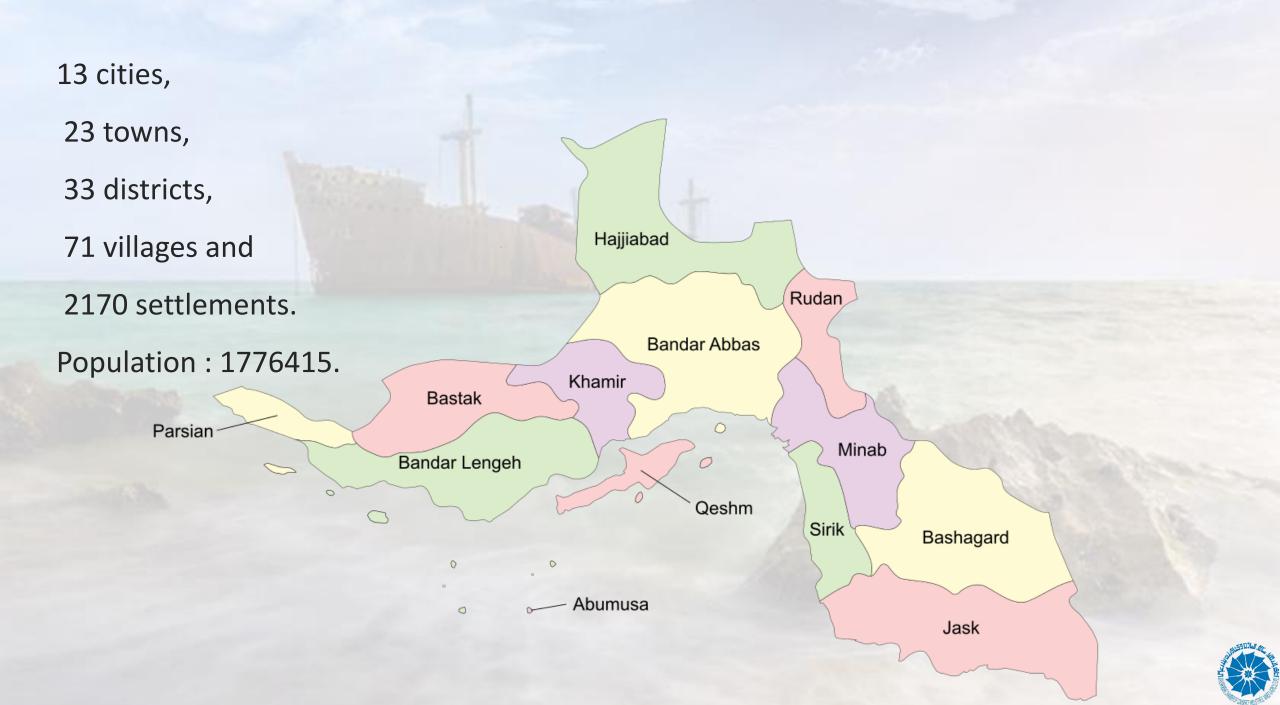
Hormozgan province is the name of one of the southern provinces of Iran.

The metropolis of Bandar Abbas, as the capital of the province, is today one of the metropolises of Iran and an important center of economic and commercial activities.

Hormozgan province is one of the five most lucrative provinces in Iran. Among the common activities of the people of Hormozgan are agriculture, fishing and trade.







Hormozgan Islands:

- 1. Qeshm
- 2. Kish
- 3. Abu Musa
- 4. Lavan
- 5. Hormoz
- 6. Larak
- 7. Siri
- 8. Hendurabi
- 9. Tunbs
- 10.Farors
- 11.Shidvar
- 12.Hengam















Infrastructure Affairs and Significant Economic Sections

- >Transportation and transit
- > Free Zones and Customs
- > Special Economic Zones
- **Mines**
- **>**Agriculture
- **Fisheries**
- **Tourism**



☐ Transportation

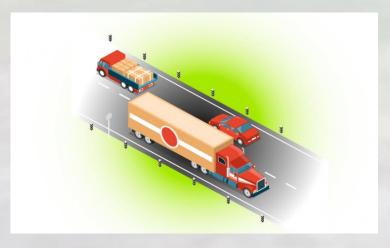
∘Sea



oair



Rail



Road





☐ Free Zone

- Qeshm Free Zone
- Kish Free Zone

Customs

 Hormozgan has 5 active customs and 15 customs offices, including customs offices at the airport and postal safes, reaching 26 customs.



Free Zone

A free zone is a region in a country that is created to facilitate and develop exports and attract foreign investment. In other words, the free zone is completely free in the field of export of goods and attraction of foreign capital, and with very facilitative solutions for export and attraction of foreign capital through these zones, governments try to create suitable grounds for Invest and develop exports and generate foreign exchange earnings. There are 8 free trade zones in Iran, including **Kish**, **Qeshm**, Chabahar, Anzali, Aras, Arvand, Mako and Qasr Shirin.

<u>Kish</u> and <u>Qeshm</u> free zones are in Hormozgan.



Kish Free Zone

This oval island with a length of 15 km and a width of 7 km and an area of about 91 square kilometers is the second largest island in the Persian Gulf. The island has a long history of trade, as it is considered the center of trade relations between India, Iran and Mesopotamia. The main trade of Kish Island in the past was pearls, which are still caught. Kish has been known outside the ordinary customs territory of the country since 2005 and has been considered as a kind of free zone. The official date of conversion of Kish into a free trade-industrial zone is related to 1372.

The most important productions of Kish in different sectors are electrical and electronic industries, clothing, food and pharmaceutical, chemical, cellulose, non-metallic industries and a car production unit.

Specific missions in this region are: development and promotion of tourism, concentration of cultural and welfare services, establishment of trade services exchange, organization of domestic and international exhibitions and conferences, base for development and promotion of information and communication technology.



Qeshm Free Zone

Qeshm Free Zone is located at the entrance of the Persian Gulf and the Sea of Oman. The area of this island is 1430 square kilometers, located 37 kilometers south of Bandar Abbas and at the mouth of the Strait of Hormuz. Qeshm Island is the largest island in the Persian Gulf. This island is located almost parallel to the coast of Iran and is separated from the mainland of Iran by the Strait of Clarence. Qeshm port is located in the easternmost part of the island and provides the most sea connection of the island with the outside and accommodates the largest number of visitors. The island is always in an exceptional position due to its location between the Persian Gulf and the Indian Ocean. Qeshm has long been regarded as a trading hub between West Asia, the Arabian Peninsula and the east coast of Africa. The history of Qeshm dates back to 500 BC. With the discovery of the Americas and the development of communication routes with Asia through Cape Omidnik, the strategic importance of the Persian Gulf, the Strait of Hormuz and Qeshm Island became more apparent.

The special missions of this region are: focusing on refueling vessels and ships crossing the Persian Gulf, creating export manufacturing industries, providing technical-engineering services, transferring technical knowledge to the region and the country, creating a national park.



Advantages of Free Zones for foreign companies in Iran

- Tax exemption for 20 years from the date of operation for all economic activities
- Possibility of registering a company with 100% foreign ownership in the company registration office and industrial and intellectual property of free zones
- Freedom of entry and exit of capital and profits
- Arrival of foreign nationals without obtaining a visa
- Elimination of customs duties for import from abroad to the region and vice versa.
- Export of products abroad without paying customs and port duties
- Complete freedom of entry and exit of capital and profits from economic activities
- Simple formalities for re-export and transit of goods
- Guarantee and legal protection of foreign investors



Conditions for Accepting Company Registration and Foreign Investment

Article 4 of the Investment Regulations in the Free Zones states the conditions for admission as follows: "Investments shall be accepted under the following conditions and shall be subject to these regulations":

- To be used in authorized activities in each region.
- To go through the complete steps of obtaining investment license and capital registration.
- Does not require the granting of exclusive rights to the investor by the organization.



Hormozgan Customs Capacities



Shahid Rajaei Customs



Shahid Bahonar Customs



Shahid Rajaei







Shahid Bahonar







☐ Special Economic Zones

- Persian Gulf Mining and Metal Industry Especial Economic Zone
- Persian Gulf Special Economy Ship-building Zone
- Shahid Rajaee Special Economic Zone
- Parsian Special Zone of Energy Consuming Industries



Persian Gulf Mining and Metal Industry Especial Economic Zone

- Adjacent to the most important iron ore mines in the country (Chadormelo, Gol Gohar Sirjan and Central Iron Ore of Bafgh)
- Easy access to the country's minerals as a raw material for steel and aluminum production
- Import and export infrastructure, including a private wharf for unloading and loading minerals with a capacity of 12 million tons
- Port for importing petroleum products with a capacity of 15 million tons
- Communication infrastructure including a special zone connection from the east with the national railway and a private railway area.
- Production of more than 11 million tons of steel chain products in the province, including pellets, sponge iron, ingots
- o production of 257 thousand tons of aluminum ingots per year as the center of aluminum production of the country
- Production of 18 thousand tons of zinc ingots per year
- 2500 hectares of regional development site to attract domestic and foreign investment to create industrial and mining units, energy industries, mineral and petroleum products



Persian Gulf Special Economy Ship-building Zone

Build and Repair:

- Small and Large Vessels
- Container Vessels on ocean-going Vessels
- Tankers
- Fishing Support Vessels
- Landing Craft
- Barges
- Oil Pollution Vessels and
- Passenger Vessels

Drilling Rig Repair Hub

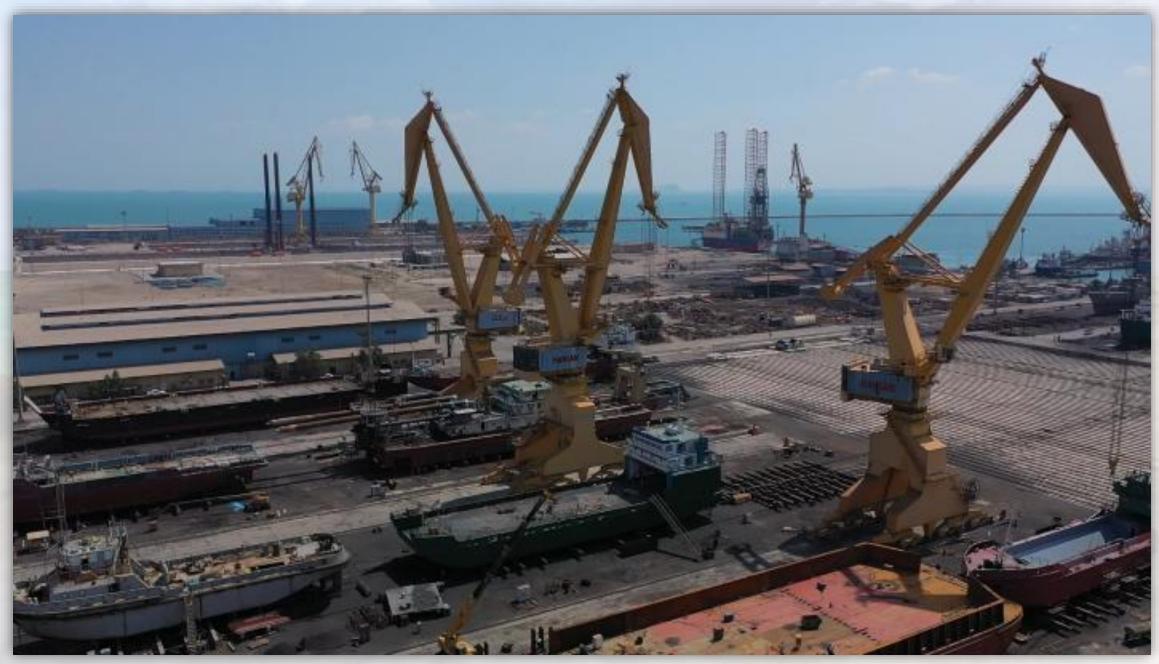
- Strategic Structures in the Development of Oil and Gas Fields and Support of the Country's Oil and Gas Industry
- Construction of Gas Platforms for Various Phases of South Pars Field, Hengam and Hindijan Oil Rigs
- Various Offshore Structures













Shahid Rajaee Special Economic Zone

- Connected to the major ports of the world,
- Unique geographical position in the center of the north-south transit corridor
- Access to open waters,
- Located in the Strait of Hormuz with 50,000 ships passing annually,
- Being close to the mother industry and economic hubs
- The largest container port in the country and the most advanced container terminals with a capacity of more than 6 million
 TEU per year and aims to upgrade container capacity to 20 million TEU by 2040,
- Perform more than 53% of unloading and loading operations in the country's ports,
- Annual capacity Transportation of 90 million tons of goods,
- Annual capacity of more than 4000 ships in a variety of bulk carriers, containers and tankers
- Connection to rail freight network, multimodal transport capacity and direct freight to CIS countries, Europe and Central Asia
- Planning the comprehensive plan of "Persian Gulf Logistics Terminal" as the first logistics park in the country with an area of 2600 hectares to join Shahid Rajaei port



Parsian Special Zone of Energy Consuming Industries

- Next to South Pars gas reservoirs as the largest gas reservoir in the world with an area of 9800 hectares
- Proximity to Iran and Qatar gas reserves,
- Proximity to Pars Special Economic Zone (Assaluyeh)
- Adjacent to the seventh national natural gas pipeline, Access to open waters and maritime transport lines
- 20 km to the Persian Gulf International Airport (Assaluyeh)
- o Production of petrochemical products, steel, cement, aluminum and alumina, electricity and fresh water
- First and largest specialized industrial, mining and commercial port in Iran with a final capacity of unloading and loading 40 million tons of goods through 19 berths
- o Investment opportunities include production of energy industries (petrochemical, steel, aluminum and alumina), support projects (including power plant, water desalination port) and downstream projects (including downstream industrial town of energy industries And construction of small industrial industrial town).



Capacities of Mining and Metal Industries



Hormozgan Steel Company



South Kaveh Steel Company



Al-Mahdi Aluminum Factory



Mines

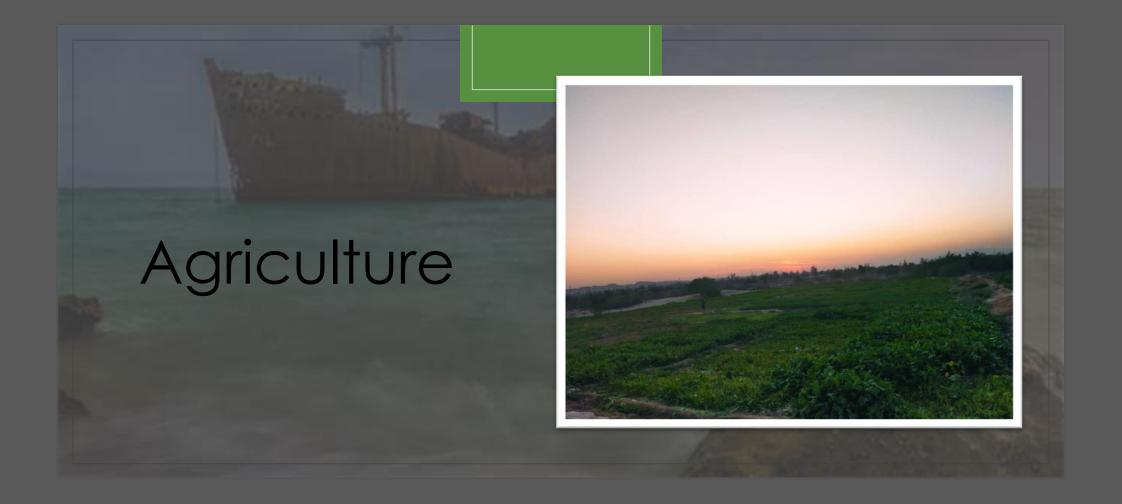
- 20 types of minerals in Hormozgan, the main ones of which are: gypsum, iron ore, chromite, salt rock, construction materials (carcass stone, mountain sand mixture), copper and manganese, lime stone, rubble stone and marl
- Gypsum as the largest volume of extracted minerals in Hormozgan province is mainly exported in the form of granulated gypsum to the countries of the Persian Gulf, India and Southeast Asia.
- 70 river sand and clay mines in Hormozgan, which are used to supply construction materials and road construction.
- In the field of mineral exploration, 44% of the province's area (more than 29,000 square kilometers) has been identified with new economic reserves by large investors.



- The province's leading mines are located in 3 cities of Hajiabad, Bandar Khamir and Bandar Abbas.
- o Haji Abad: (Iron Ore), Bandar Khumir: (Limestone, Marl and Gypsum), Bandar Abbas: (Gypsum)
- Mineral reserves of the province by city:

Bastak	Gypsum - mountain mixture - marl - iron ore - rock salt - blue salt
Bashagard	Chromite-manganese
Bandar Abbas	Red soil, mountain mixture, carcass stone, salt rock, iron ore, lime, blue salt, sand
Bandar Legeh	Gypsum, Carcass Stone, Salt Rock, Mountain Mixture, Iron Ore, Sand
Parsian	Gypsum, Mountain Mixture, Lime
Jask	Mountain, Carcass Mixture
Haji Abad	Chromite, Manganese, Copper, Iron Ore, Porcelain, Carcass Stone, Silica, Feldspar, Marble, Travertine
Bandar Khamir	Potash - gypsum - mountain mixture - lime - marl - carcass stone - iron ore
Roudan	Chromite-Manganese-Mountain mixture-Marble-Sand
Sirik	Carcass stone - marl
Qeshm	Red soil - rock salt
Minab	Chromite - Manganese - Mountain mixture - Sand







Agriculture



Garden lands



Farming lands

- Hormozgan has 156 thousand hectares of agricultural lands, which constitute 49% of garden lands and 51% of farming lands. Important garden products include Limes, mangoes, tangerines and dates, which annually produce 150,000 tons, of which Piarom dates are the first in the country.
- Hormozgan province has more than 180,000 hectares of farming land that produces tomatoes, eggplant, onions, bell peppers, cucumbers etc.



• The country ranks first in the production of vegetables and summer vegetables due to the production of more than 2 million tons of out-of-season products such as tomatoes, onions, watermelons, eggplants, bell peppers and cucumbers and so on.

Picture of some cultivars of vegetable and summer products for export





The first rank of greenhouse production in the country with 164 thousand tons of products in a land area of 716 hectares, the first rank of mango production and the second rank of lemon production in the country and the production of black tangerine with a world registration certificate. The main garden product of the province is dates, which with the production of 140 thousand tons, includes 43% of the total gardens of the province. 50 types of dates are cultivated in the province, the most important of which are: Pyaram, Khasavi, Khanizi, Mardasing, Zahedi, Diri, Barhi, Halili, Mazafati, Almatiri and Shahani. Pyaram dates with the production of 10 thousand tons is the best example of dates in the province that has a world registration certificate. 70% of Pyaram dates are exported

Overview of citrus orchards in the province



39000 Hectares	Area of citrus orchards in the province		
437000 Ton	Production rate		
49 %	Share from all the gardens of the province		
Third	Rank in the country in terms of area under cultivation		
Fourth	Rank in the country in terms of production		
The most important export figures			
Lemon Lisbon	Export product type		
26000 Ton	Production rate		
12000 Ton	Exportable amount		
Minab- Roodan	Cities of production		



Date and Date Products





Iran is the second largest exporter of dates in the world after Egypt.

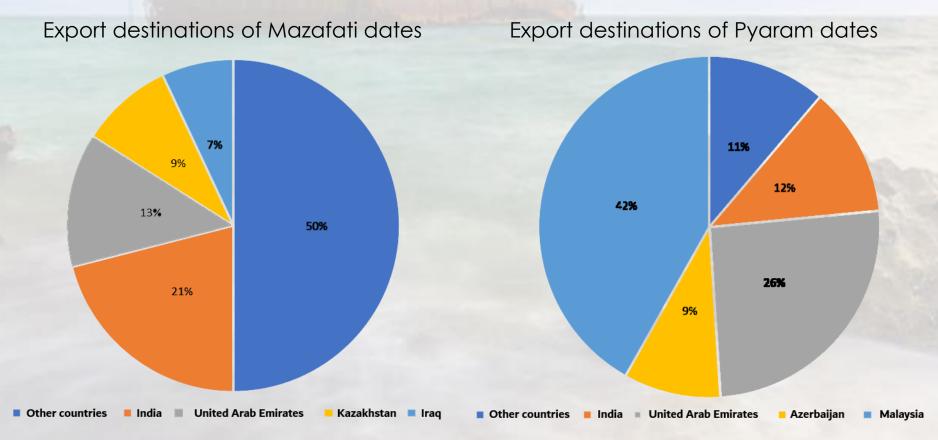
In Hormozgan province as an important areas of date cultivation, there are 55 types of date that 20 types of them are commercial.





Annually, different types of dates are exported from Hormozgan province to foreign countries. Due to the high diversity of dates in Hormozgan, the export of this product is also very diverse and includes different destinations.

Export destinations of dates by type



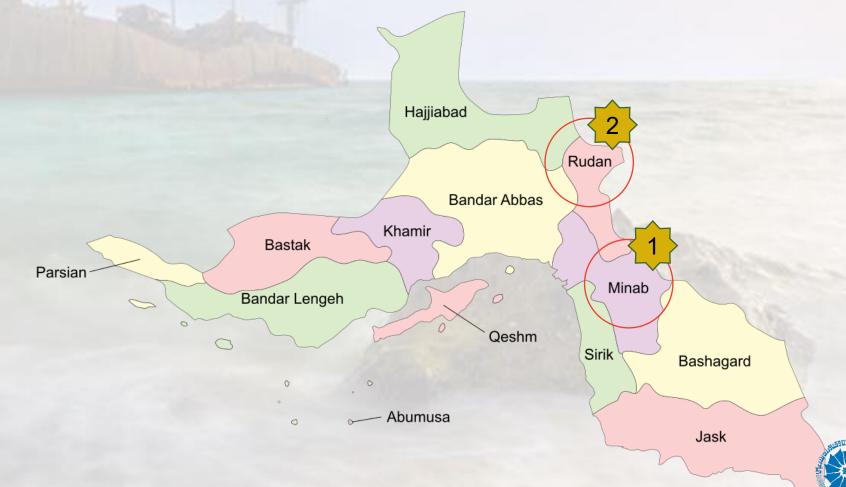
Hormozgan, with an annual harvest of 150,000 tons of dates from 37,000 hectares of groves, ranks fourth in production and third in the area under date cultivation in the country.







There are date groves in the most city of Hormozgan. Minab city with more than 12,000 area under cultivation has the first rank of date production in Hormozgan. Rudan city, with the second rank of date production in Hormozgan province, has 9,800 hectares of grove area.



Most important types of date in Hormozgan

- Piarom Date
- Khassui Date
- Mazafati Date
- Barhi Date
- Mordaseng Date





Piarom

dates due to their appearance, suitable quality and high nutritional value are ommercial and first-class. Hajiabad city in Hormozgan province due to its hot and dry climate is the most important Piarom cultivation area in the country. The area under cultivation in Hajiabad is 7200 hectares, that 60% of its harvest is Piarom.









Khasoei

dates have high quality and a very sweet fruit. Iranian Khassuie date is considered as one of the smallest varieties of Iranian dates and has a long hold life. The largest Khassui date arboretum in the world is located in Hormozgan.











Piarom

Chocolate dates without juice

• Skin: Thin

Color : Dark brown

Flesh and skin stick together

Type of sugar : Fructose

Rich in sugars, proteins and other minerals

High capability of packaging, transport and handling

Khasoei

small size

Color: red, light brown

Skin: Thin and sticky to the flesh

Contains minerals and vitamins C and D.

Soft fruit texture

High capability of packaging, transport and handling



Mazafati

It is a dark, soft, fleshy and sweet date of medium size with relatively high moisture content, varying with the time of harvest and the location of the grove. Mazafati date harvesting time depends on the variety and starts in August, lasting to the end of October. You can Find Mazafati groves n Hajiabad.



Zahedi

Zahedi dates are thick, small, oval dates. Zahedi dates have a distinctive appearance; they are hard, shiny and dried up, sometimes their skins sticks to the flesh and sometimes, based on weather, the fruit skin will separate from the fleshy part





Khaneizi





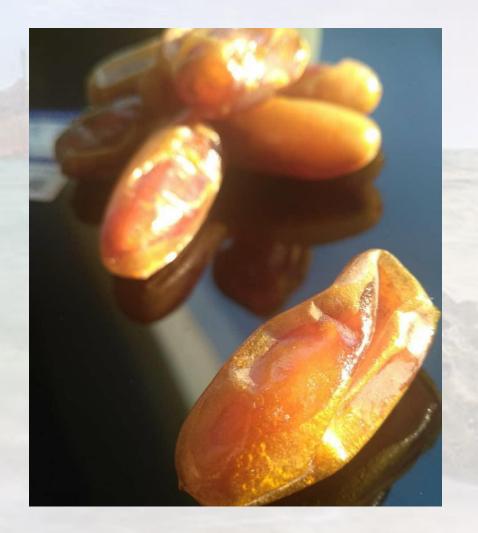




Shahani





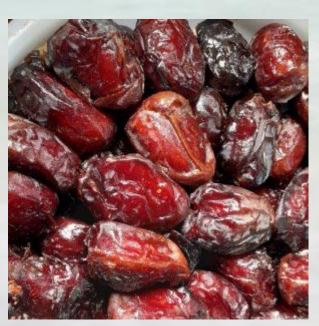




Kalite











Mordaseng





In each region of Hormozgan province, a special type of date is cultivated, this diversity is due to different climatic conditions in different regions of the province.

Top dates by city

Row	city	
1	BND Abbas	Khanizi- Barhi- Mordasang
2	BND Lengeh	KHanizi
3	Qeshm	Mordasang
4	Minab	Mordasang- Mazafati
5	Jask	Mordasang- KHanizi
6	Roodan	Mordasang- mazafati- Karite- Khanizi
7	Haji Abad	Piarom- Khasoei- mazafati
8	Bastak	Khanizi- Khasoei
9	Parsian	Barhi
10	Bandar khamir	Khasoei- Khanizi
11	Sirik	Mordasang- Khanizi
12	bashaghard	mazafati

Date Products

In addition to the valuable fruit of dates, it has iraculous properties and its daily consumption is very seful for health. Consumption byproducts made from dates with similar properties is just as usful. Therefore, in ddition to benefiting from the nutritional value of dates, we recommend using date products

- Date Syrup
- Date Cream
- Date Paste
 Date Sauce









Date Syrup

Date syrup is made from dates and water at high temperatures. The most

important consumption of date syrup is in date packaging that dates are mixed with syrup and aromatic spices.

Dates used in syrup are 2nd and 3rd grade Shahani dates, Marzban Dates,

In Bastak city, 5 shops troduce traditionally date syrup.

Use natural product as a breakfast supplement and as a gentle sweetener and energizer.





Date Paste

Date paste is a natural, vegan fruit based sweetener and healthy sugar substitute that you can use in place of honey or maple syrup in recipes in bakery, sweat industry, Confectionery, Food additive and etc. Date Paste is rich source of high nutrient, minerals , vitamins, fatty acids, protein, dietary fiber, antioxidants so Date Paste helps and raises the immune system against diseases.

pastes taste like a delightful mix of honey, caramel, and cinnamon. Date paste is an excellent sugar-free alternative to white sugar that is great for sweetening muffins, cakes, and all types of desserts. In addition to iron, it is rich in potassium and manganese. Eating it with breakfast or warm milk in the morning can activate the nerve cells



Date Cream

Date cream is a pasteurized and processed product of date fruit. This is a nutritious and useful snack based on dates, which in addition to using cocoa in its formulation to improve the taste of dry milk has been used as a protein supplement.





Date Sauce

The most prominent feature of the date sauce product that distinguishes it from other families of sauces is its naturalness and health and also most importantly its main base, namely dates, which due to the presence of vitamins A and B in this product prevents cancer and improves weakness and fatigue.

in French means seasoning that can be used to improve the taste of food and salads according to your taste





Agriculture and Agricultural Products



Lime





Tangerine





Garden lands

Mango







Planting Vegtables





Bell peper







Onion









Tomato







Eggplant

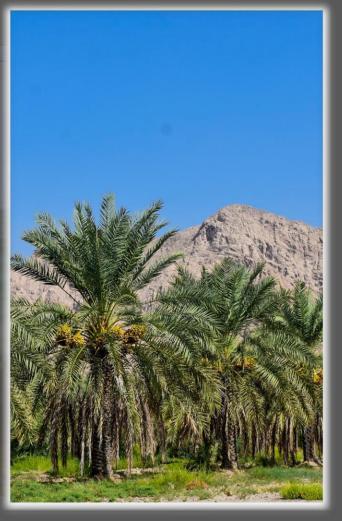








Fishery and products





☐ Fishery



Aquatic Fishing



Shrimp Farming

- Hormozgan ranks first in the country in the production of farmed shrimp, 80% of which exported to Southeast Asia, the European Union and the Persian Gulf countries.
- The first rank in the production of farmed shrimp with the production of 77623 tons and targeting the production of more than 200 thousand tons of farmed shrimp per year in 50,000 hectares of potentially identified lands in the country
- The country's first rank in caged fish farming with a production of 5905 tons in two species of sea perch and shank and the ability to increase production to a capacity of 113 thousand tons with the aim of rebuilding marine reserves and improving the share of fisheries in food security
- The largest fish meal factories in the Middle East and the largest processing capacity in the country
- Existence of new aquatic stocks including lantern fish, horse mane fish, sardines and the possibility of growing sea cucumber, seaweed, fish cream, swallow fish, pearl oysters and
- Potential for investment in marine fish farming projects, shrimp farming, exploitation of less harvested aquatic resources, and the provision of long-liner and persiner vessels for tuna fishing

















Green Tiger Prawn



Shrimp Head



Jinga Shrimp



Banana Prawn



Indian White Prawn



fenneropenaeus merguiensis



Scientific N.: green tiger Brand N.: penaeus. sEmisuleatus



Persian Gulf native shrimp



Scientific N.: penaeus. Indicus Brand N.: indian white shrimp



Vanami Shrimp

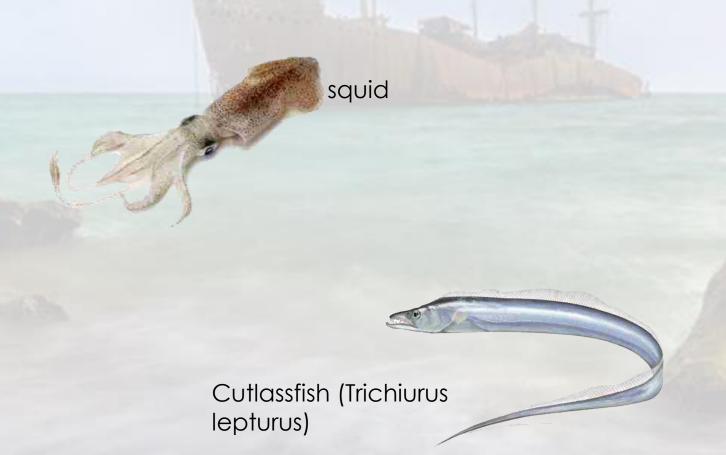


Vanami or white Arabic farmed shrimp





Fishery Products



Eel





Food stuff and Food processing





Sesame products

Ardeh (sesame)





Herangineh



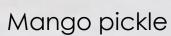
Halva Ardeh

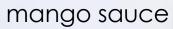


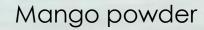


Mango products















Fishery Products



Canned Tuna fish in vegetable oil



Canned Mackerel fish

Canned Tuna fish in olive oil



Canned Tuna fish in grape oil





Fishery Products



Canned kawakawa fish (Zarton)



Canned Tuna fish-Domestic flavor

Canned Tuna fisgarlic flavor



Canned Tuna fishvegetable flavor





Fishery Products



Ghorme sabzi stew

Gheimeh sibzamini stew





Canned beans in Tomato paste sauce/with Mushrooms

Canned Chicken in veg. oil/ in Tomato paste sauce





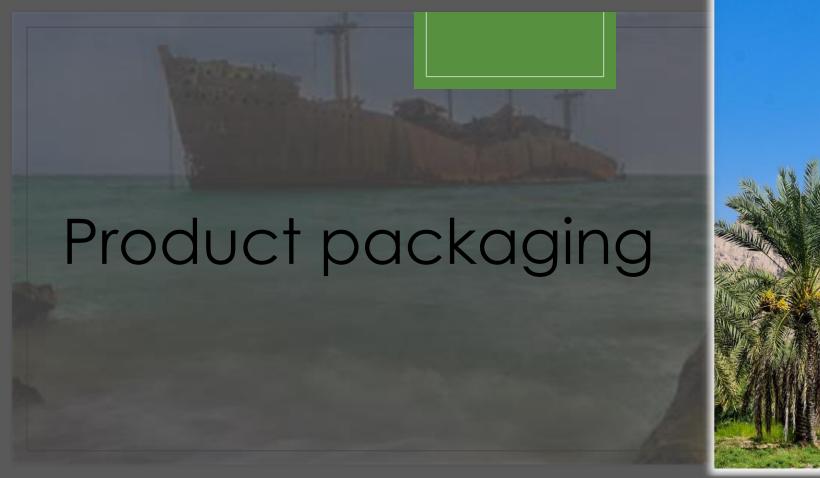
Other Products



Persial Gulf Shirimp (longostinos)

Mahyawa









packaging















packaging











☐ Tourism Capacities



Beautiful and Pristine Islands



Historical Attractions



Maritime Tourism



Sea Coastal Attractions



Cultural Tourism



Mangrove Forests







Tourist and Hydrotherapy Complex and Geno

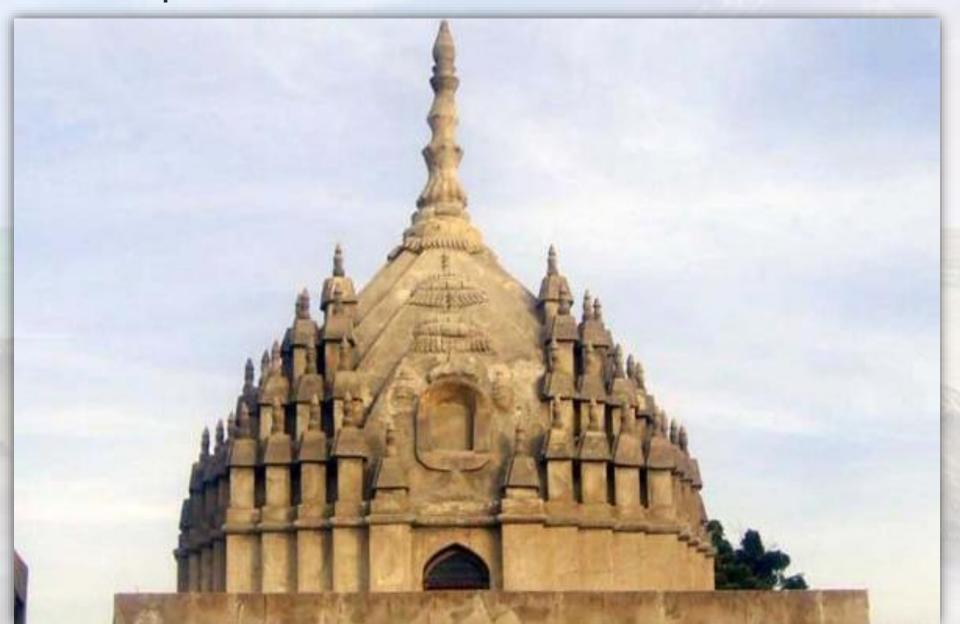
Biosphere Reserve







Hindus Temple in Bandar Abbas





Portugal Castle in Hormoz Island



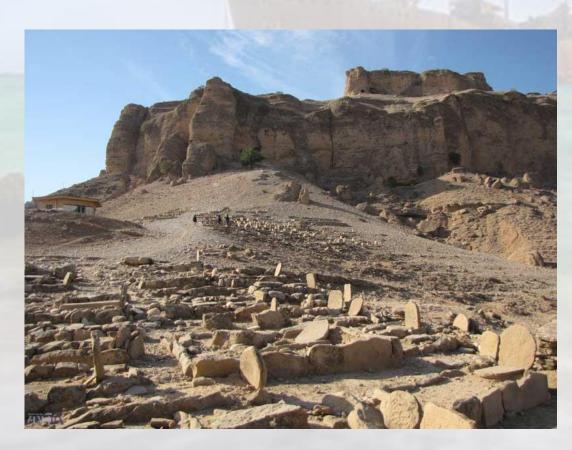


Portuguese Fortress in Qeshm Island





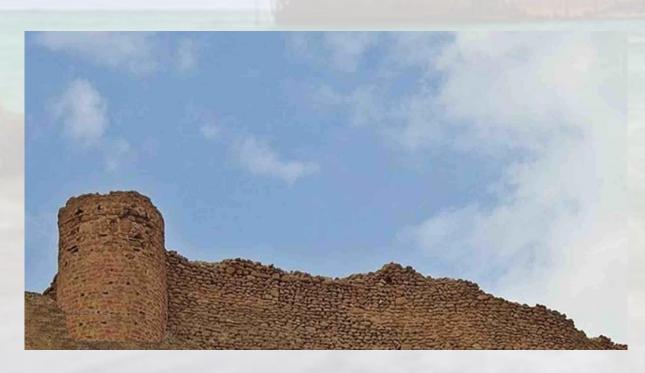
Shadab Fortress in Minab







Lashtan Fortress in the east of Bandar Lengeh







Hazara Fortress (Bibi Minoo) in Minab





Ramchah Mosque in Qeshm Island

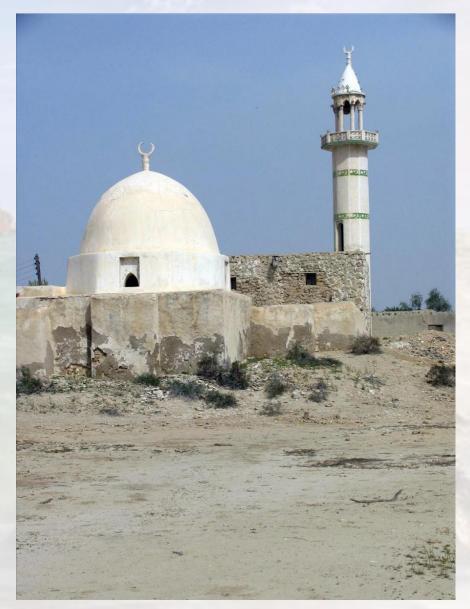




Barokh Mosque and Grave







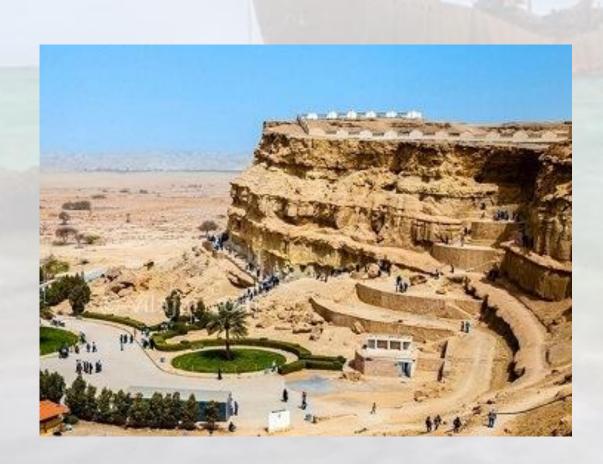


Seyed Mozaffar Shrine in Bandar Abbas





Kharbas City and Caves in Qeshm







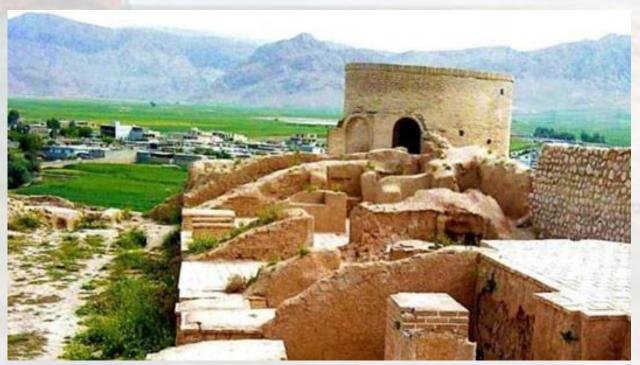
Galedari Bath in Bandar Abbas





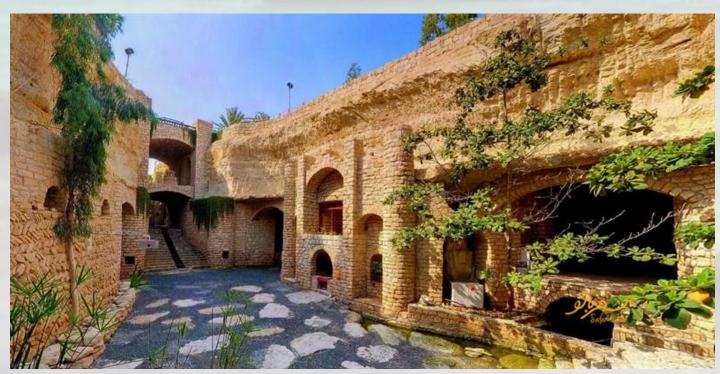
Harrireh Historical City







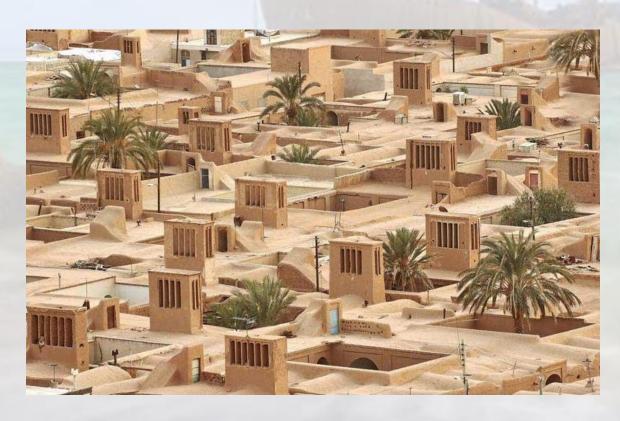
Kariz Underground City







Sourou Ancient City in Bandar Abbas

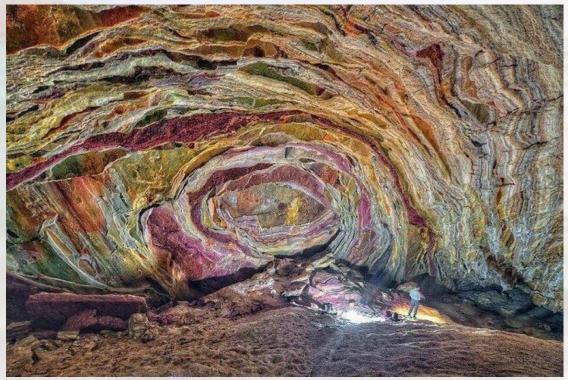






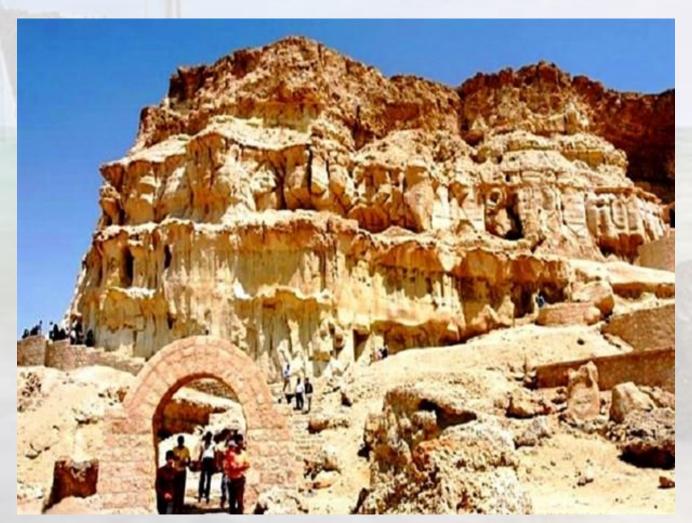
Salt Cave in Qeshm Island







Mitra Temple in Qeshm Island





The Great Museum of Bandar Abbas





Jenah Anthropological Museum







Pottery, Needlework, Glabton embroidery, Burqa, Khos embroidery, Badleh embroidery, needle embroidery, etc.















